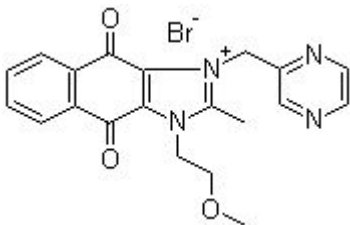


## Product Introduction

### YM155 (Sepantronium Bromide)

YM155 is a potent **survivin** suppressant by inhibiting Survivin promoter activity with **IC50** of 0.54 nM; does not significantly inhibit SV40 promoter activity, but is observed to slightly inhibit the interaction of Survivin with XIAP. Phase 1/2.

#### Technical Data:

<b>Molecular Weight (MW):</b>	443.29	
<b>Formula:</b>	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>19</sub> BrN <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
<b>Solubility (25°C)</b>	DMSO 55 mg/mL	
<b>* &lt;1 mg/ml means slightly soluble or insoluble:</b>	Water 89 mg/mL	
	Ethanol 6 mg/mL	
<b>Purity:</b>	>98%	
<b>Storage:</b>	3 years -20°C Powder	
	6 months-80°C in DMSO	
<b>CAS No.:</b>	781661-94-7	

#### Biological Activity

YM155 is not sensitive to survivin gene promoter-driven luciferase reporter activity even at 30 μM. YM155 significantly inhibits endogenous survivin expression in PC-3 and PPC-1 human HRPC cells with deficient p53 through transcriptional inhibition of the survivin gene promoter. On the contrary YM155 shows no sufficient effect on protein expression of c-IAP2, XIAP, Bcl-2, Bcl-xL, Bad, α-actin, and β-tubulin at 100 nM.

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YM155 indicates great apoptosis in human cancer cell lines including PC-3 and PPC-1 with a concomitant increase in caspase-3 activity. YM155 potently inhibits human cancer cell lines (mutated or truncated p53) including PC-3, PPC-1, DU145, TSU-Pr1, 22Rv1, SK-MEL-5 and A375 with IC50 from 2.3 to 11 nM, respectively. <sup>[1]</sup> YM155 increases the sensitivity of NSCLC cells to  $\gamma$ -radiation. The combination of YM155 and  $\gamma$ -radiation increases both the number of apoptotic cells and the activity of caspase-3. YM155 delays the repair of radiation-induced double-strand breaks in nuclear DNA. <sup>[2]</sup>

YM155 completely inhibits the tumor growth of PC-3 s.c. xenografted prostate tumors at doses of 3 and 10 mg/kg, without body weight loss and blood cell count decrease. Pharmacokinetic analysis shows that YM155 is highly distributed to tumor tissue. Moreover, YM155 shows 80% TGI at a dose of 5 mg/kg in PC-3 orthotopic xenografts. <sup>[1]</sup> The combination therapy with YM155 and  $\gamma$ -radiation shows great antitumor activity against H460 or Calu6 xenografts in nude mice. <sup>[2]</sup>

## References

[1] Nakahara T, et al. *Cancer Res*, 2007, 67(17), 8014-8021.

[2] Iwasa T, et al. *Clin Cancer Res*, 2008, 14(20), 6496-6504.



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